

Year 3/4 knowledge organiser

Timeline of events



Significant people
Julius Caesar- Roman general in charge of two Roman invasions of Britain.
Boudicca- Queen of the Iceni tribe who led a revolt against the Romans.

55 BC	54 BC	43 AD	60 to 61 AD	410 AD
Julius Caesar's first invasion of Britain.	Julius Caesar's second invasion of Britain.	Romans finally settle in Britain.	Boudicca leads an unsuccessful rebellion against the Romans.	Roman rule ends in Britain.

A map to show where the Romans came from and where they settled.

Vocabulary dozen:

Romulus and Remus	Founders of the city of Rome.
Rome and Romans	The capital city (in Italy) of the Roman Empire. A Roman was a person who lived in Rome or the Roman Empire.
sanitation	Sewers, toilets and freshwater systems.
Britain	From the Roman name for the islands of Britannia.
Roman army	The largest fighting force in the ancient world.
Archaeologist	A person who studies things people made, used and left behind.
BC- Before Christ	Any years before Jesus was born.
AD- Anno Domini	The years after Jesus was born.
Invader	An army or a country that enters another country by force.
Settlement	A place where people have come to live and make their homes.
First hand evidence	Is gained or learned directly, rather than from other people or from books.
Second hand evidence	Does not give original information. It interprets or summarizes information from primary sources. Textbooks, biographies and dictionaries are normally secondary sources.

Key facts:
 Romulus and Remus were the founders of Rome.
 The Romans came from Rome in Italy.
 The Romans were very successful at invading and conquering other lands.
 They had a very powerful and organised army.
 They occupied Britain for over 400 years and left behind many ideas and objects we still use today.

Why were the Romans so successful in invading Britain?